# **River Murray Flow Report**



Government of South Australia Department for nvironment and Water

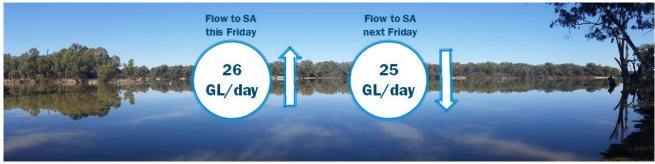
#### Report #37/2021

#### Issued 10:00 am 24 September 2021

## This supersedes the previous flow report issued by the Department for Environment and Water (DEW) on 10 September 2021. The next flow report will be provided on Friday 1 October 2021.

In this report, for ease of representation, large volumes of water are expressed in gigalitres (GL), while smaller volumes are expressed in megalitres (ML). One GL is equal to 1 000 ML.

#### **FLOW OUTLOOK**



The flow at the South Australian border is approximately 26 GL/day and will decrease to around 25 GL/day over the coming week. It comprises:

- full September Entitlement Flow (4.5 GL/day);
- plus water for the environment (see below Environmental News);
- interstate trade adjustments; and
- Unregulated flow.

The flow over Lock 1 is approximately 22 GL/day. Estimates for the flow over Lock 1 the following Friday are yet to be determined.

It is important to note that flow forecasts in this advice are based on the information available at the time of preparation. Advice may change as new gauging information becomes available or due to rainfall events or changed operations upstream.

#### NEW PENALTIES FOR UNAUTHORISED OR UNLAWFUL WATER USE

All South Australian River Murray water users are reminded that they must remain within the available allocation on their water account at all times.

New penalty rates have been declared for taking water in excess of available allocation (unauthorised use) or without authorisation (unlawful use). These penalty rates will apply to any unauthorised or unlawful water use in the current quarter, being Quarter 1 of the 2021-22 water use year (between 1 July 2021 and 30 September 2021).

Accounting period	Up to and including 500,000 kilolitres overuse	More than 500,000 kilolitres overuse	Unlawful taking or use of water
1 July 2021 to 30	\$1.125/kilolitre	\$1.500/kilolitre	\$1.500/kilolitre
September 2021			

For further information, please visit the following website <u>www.environment.sa.gov.au/topics/water/water-markets-and-trade/fees-and-charges</u>

## **ENVIRONMENTAL NEWS**

Recent rainfall in upstream catchments continues to provide unregulated flow to South Australia. South Australia is also receiving water for the environment from South Australia's environmental water allocation and return flows from upstream watering actions.

During spring, the Commonwealth Environmental Water Office is contributing additional water for the environment through the 2021 Murray Wetland Flow. More information on this event can be found <u>here</u>.

The current flows from the River Murray and upstream tributaries, through to the Coorong, will provide a range of benefits for the environment in SA, including:

- providing for barrage releases to the Coorong to support a productive, food-rich environment for fish and birds;
- providing habitat for birds, frogs and threatened small-bodied native fish species in the Lower Lakes;
- maintaining good connections from the Coorong to the upstream areas of the River Murray, and its tributaries, to
  enable fish movement and migration including for lamprey which are currently migrating into the river from the
  Southern Ocean for spawning;
- maintaining healthy water quality, salinity and water levels in the River Murray Channel and the Lower Lakes and Coorong, including through targeted releases at the barrages when weather conditions are best suited to push water down the Coorong;
- removing excess salt from the River Murray;
- undertaking floodplain operations at Chowilla, Pike and Katarapko as well as raising the water levels in weir pools 2, 4, 5 and 6 (see more details below in Environmental Water Operations); and
- Delivering a range of outcomes to wetlands in the Riverland via arrangements with Renmark Irrigation Trust and the Murraylands and Riverland Landscape Board.

## Larry the Lamprey is back!

It's already been a year since Larry the Lamprey made his heroic journey from the Southern Ocean up the River Murray as far as Lock 11 in 2020. Larry's next generation are now migrating up the River Murray and scientists have been in the field monitoring their movements. During August and September 2021 regular monitoring of barrage fishways by South Australian Research and Development Institute Aquatic Scientists assessed lamprey migration. As at 22 September 2021, 22 pouched lamprey have been captured from fishways at Goolwa and Tauwitchere barrages. Scientists have fitted these fish with monitoring tags so their journey can be tracked upstream, to help solve the mystery of where they spawn. You can follow Larry's 2021 travels here: <a href="https://www.environment.sa.gov.au/topics/river-murray/improving-river-health/environmental-water/where-is-larry-the-lamprey">https://www.environment.sa.gov.au/topics/river-murray/improving-river-health/environmental-water/where-is-larry-the-lamprey</a> .

#### **MURRAY MOUTH**

Dredging operations at the Murray Mouth commenced on 9 January 2015 to maintain connectivity (exchange of water) between the Coorong and the Southern Ocean. At 19 September 2021, a total of approximately 7 571 273 cubic metres of sand had been removed by dredging operations.

Both dredges are currently operating between the Goolwa and Tauwitchere channels 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Barrage releases combined with dredging have helped to maintain flow connectivity of the River Murray Channel to the Murray Mouth and have assisted in exporting salt from the river system.

There are a number of shallow zones in and adjacent to the Murray Mouth. Mariners should use caution when traversing the mouth area, follow all directions, reduce speed and avoid travelling at low tide. Mariners equipped with echo sounders should check depths regularly. Navigation through the Murray Mouth is only permitted during daylight hours. Exclusion Zones established around the dredging operations are in place to ensure public safety. Refer to Notice to Mariners No 42 of 2016 Notice 42.

There is a partial park closure in place for the northern tip of the Coorong National Park. For more information visit <u>Coorong partial park closure notice</u>.

### BARRAGE OPERATIONS AND WATER LEVELS IN THE LOWER LAKES

The water level in Lake Alexandrina is approximately 0.78 m AHD and Lake Albert is approximately 0.79 m AHD. The difference is due to wind effects.

As of Tuesday 21 September 2021, the weekly releases were approximately 50.7 GL. A lake level cycling event is currently underway (see *Water levels in the Lower Lakes are going to be lowered* below for more details). Gates were closed over the weekend due to high swell. Gate openings at the barrages during the week can be seen in Table 1.

Barrage (total number of gates)	15 Sept 2021	16 Sept 2021	17 Sept 2021	18 Sept 2021	19 Sept 2021	20 Sept 2021	21 Sept 2021	Objective of releases	
Goolwa (120)	3	3	3→0	0	0	0	0→3	Maintain connectivity between the River Murray channel through to the Murray Mouth to support fish migration, provide some scouring of the Goolwa Channel and Murray Mouth.	
Mundoo (25)	3*	3*→4*	4*→0	0	0	0	0→3*	Provide some localised freshening conditions in the Mundoo channel and support fish passage.	
Boundary Creek (5)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Provide attractant flow adjacent the fish way to support fish passage.	
Ewe Island (110)	1*	1*→12*	12*→0	0	0	0	0→12*	Releases will help push fresher water down the Coorong to assist lowering salinity levels and provide habitat diversity.	
Tauwitchere (319)	21*	21*	21*→0	0	0	0	0→21*		
Fishways	Fishways at all barrages and at Hunters Creek (11 in total) were open during the entire week			en during	Provide for fish passage between the Coorong and Lower Lakes.				

Table 1: Number of barrage gates open each day for the week ending Tuesday 14 September 2021

\*Automated gate utilised to maximise delivery to Coorong and avoid reverse flows.

During adverse weather conditions, SA Water will operate the barrages to minimise the risk of seawater entering Lake Alexandrina, therefore minimising any negative salinity impacts from reverse flow events.

Water levels and barrage operations are monitored closely by the South Australian Government, Murray-Darling Basin Authority and Commonwealth Environmental Water Office.

#### Water levels in the Lower Lakes are being lowered

As Lake Albert is a terminal wetland, the salinity of the lake can increase over time due to climate conditions and infrequent River Murray high flows. Prior to the 1980's, typical Lake Albert salinity was around 300 - 600 EC. The average daily salinity in Lake Albert at the present time is approximately 1 500 EC (potentially increasing up to 2 000 EC during summer).

One of the ways to lower salinity in the Lake is via lake level cycling. This action involves lowering the water level in Lakes Alexandrina and Albert (by releasing water from the barrages) to draw out salty water from Lake Albert, and then refilling the lakes with fresher water as it flows into the Lakes.

As South Australia is currently receiving unregulated flow it provides an opportunity to lower the Lakes' water levels and then refill them before summer, when usage and evaporation are high.

On Tuesday 24 August 2021 barrage releases were increased in order to lower the water level in Lakes Alexandrina and Albert. Water levels were reduced by 15 cm over 10 days. As at 22 September 2021 the water level in the lakes has recovered to 0.78 and 0.79 m AHD respectively. From this point unregulated flow from upstream will be used to refill the Lower Lakes to approximately 0.8 – 0.85 m AHD over the next week.

## **RIVER VESSEL WASTE DISPOSAL STATIONS**

#### Lock 3

The Lock 3 River Vessel Waste Disposal Station is currently out of commission due to an infrastructure failure. Investigations are underway to replace the station. In the interim river vessel users can contact Riverland Tank and Drain directly on 0412 839 392 for emptying of black and grey water in the Lock 3 area. Alternatively they can utilise the nearest alternative waste facility located at Waikerie. Normal boat waste (domestic or galley waste) can still be deposited at the Lock 3 facility at the present time.

#### **NAVIGATION ISSUES**

Sandbars in the vicinity of the Murray Mouth may cause navigation hazards. Mariners are advised to navigate with caution when operating in the area. Sandbars are also present along sections of the River Murray downstream of Locks 7 and 8 and in South Australia. All Mariners should be aware of the risk of submerged navigation hazards and should regularly check river depth.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL WATER OPERATIONS**

#### **Chowilla Floodplain and Weir and Lock 6**

A low to mid-level operation of the Chowilla environmental regulator has commenced, which will potentially inundate 2 000 – 5 000 hectares of the Chowilla floodplain upstream of the regulator than would otherwise be achieved by river flows. The operation plans to raise water levels in Chowilla Creek and through the Anabranch by between approximately 18.9 and 19.6 m AHD though the higher level is dependent on having flows in the River Murray of over 30 000 ML/day.

The water level in Weir and Lock 6 is also raised in conjunction with the Chowilla Regulator. This will see the water level raised up to a height of 19.67 m AHD depending on flow conditions at the time.

#### Pike Floodplain and Weir and Lock 5

Operations on the Pike Floodplain commenced 26 July 2021. The operation will raise water levels on the Pike Floodplain between 15 m AHD to 15.4 m AHD.

The water level in Weir and Lock 5 is also raised in conjunction with the Pike Regulator. This will increase the water level to a height of 16.8 m AHD (+0.5 m AHD) depending on flow conditions.

Should the flow to South Australia increase significantly the Pike Regulator may be operated to raise the water level further to between 15.4 m AHD to 15.8 m AHD. The exact height will depend on the flow and conditions within the river and the Pike anabranch.

#### Katarapko Floodplain and Weir and Lock 4

Operations on the Katarapko Floodplain also commenced 26 July 2021. The operation plans to raise the water levels on the Katarapko Floodplain initially up to 13 m AHD to 13.2 m AHD, depending on the actual flow conditions.

The water level in Weir and Lock 4 is also raised in conjunction with water levels on the Katarapko Floodplain. This will increase the water level to a maximum height of 13.5 m AHD (+ 0.3 m AHD).



*Figure 1: The Piggy Creek complex on the Katarapko floodplain, before and during the current environmental water operations (Richard Walsh, DEW)* 

#### Weir and Lock 2

The water level in Weir and Lock 2 is now at the maximum height of the event (6.65 m AHD). The water level will be held around this level until mid-October after which it will be lowered back to normal pool level at a rate of 3 cm / day.

#### **National Park access**

There are some short term access restrictions and closures of some roads, trails and campsites due to the environmental watering at Katarapko and Chowilla floodplains. On-site signage provides guidance about safe access. More information can be found at <u>https://www.parks.sa.gov.au/</u> or by contacting the Berri Regional Office on 8595 2111

## **RIVER MURRAY WATER LEVELS**

Below is a table of River Murray water levels at a number of locations from Lock 10 to Murray Bridge.

## **River Murray Water Levels**

Location	River km	Normal Pool Level (m AHD)	Current Level 22/09/2021 (m AHD)	2016 High Water Level (m AHD)
Lock 10	825.0	30.80	30.84	32.72
Lock 9 Kulnine	764.8	27.40	27.56	28.85
Lock 8 Wangumma	725.7	24.60	25.45	26.85
Lock 7 Rufus River	696.6	22.10	22.68	24.97
Lock 6 Murtho	619.8	19.25	19.64	20.19
Renmark	567.4	-	16.74	17.44
Lock 5	562.4	16.30	16.72	17.05
Lyrup	537.8	-	13.65	15.80
Berri	525.9	-	13.53	15.21
Lock 4	516.2	13.20	13.47	14.73
Loxton	489.9	-	10.76	13.54
Cobdogla	446.9	-	-	11.59
Lock 3	431.4	9.80	9.81	10.98
Overland Corner	425.9	-	7.25	10.41
Waikerie	383.6	-	6.84	9.20
Lock 2	362.1	6.10	6.64	8.32
Cadell	332.6	-	3.77	7.01
Morgan	321.7	-	3.50	6.38
Lock 1 Blanchetown	274.2	3.20	3.21	4.46
Swan Reach	245.0	0.75	1.06	3.11
Mannum PS	149.8	0.75	0.88	1.33
Murray Bridge	115.3	0.75	0.82	1.04

Note that the above water levels may be affected by local wind conditions

## FURTHER INFORMATION

The Water Data SA website is South Australia's comprehensive water information portal. For real-time data (like salinity, water levels) go to the following page: <u>Water Data SA</u>.

Up-to-date River Murray salinity, flow and water level information can also be accessed at the SA Water and Murray-Darling Basin Authority websites:

- Water allocation and carryover announcements
- <u>River Murray real-time water data</u>
- SA Water River Murray info levels, flows etc.
- <u>Murray-Darling Basin real-time water data</u>

The latest news, information and announcements about the River Murray and Basin Plan are available at <u>River Murray</u> <u>Update</u>.

The Department for Environment and Water has published a series of inundation maps for the River Murray. They are available at <u>River Murray Inundation Maps</u>.

Information on the management of acid drainage water in the Lower River Murray can be accessed at: <u>Managing Acid Sulfate Soils Research Project</u>

Details of river height and rainfall information in the River Murray within Victoria and New South Wales are available at the Bureau of Meteorology website:

- <u>Victoria rainfall and river conditions</u>
- <u>NSW rainfall and river conditions</u>

Information provided by the Commonwealth Environmental Water Office can be accessed at <u>CEWH Environmental</u> <u>Watering</u>.

Information on The Living Murray can be accessed at MDBA TLM.

Chowilla Floodplain Icon Site management Chowilla-floodplain.

Katarapko Floodplain site management

<u>Pike Floodplain</u> site management

Department for Environment and Water Home page.

Information provided by the Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure on boat licences, registering motor boats, owning and operating water craft, and boat and marine safety can be accessed at <u>Boating and marine</u>.

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